



# Oral (mouth) biopsy

# Information for patients from the Oral and Maxillofacial Department

This leaflet will explain the following.

- · What a biopsy is.
- Why you have been referred for a biopsy.
- · What the benefits are to having this procedure.
- · What happens during the biopsy.
- · How to look after yourself at home.
- Who to contact if you have any concerns.

We hope this leaflet answers some of the questions you may have. If you have any further questions or concerns, please speak to a member of your healthcare team.

## What is a biopsy?

A biopsy is a simple way of helping us to diagnose an abnormal condition. We remove a small piece of tissue from your mouth, so it can be examined under a microscope.

Sometimes by doing a biopsy, we completely remove the diseased area and cure the problem.

# Why do I need this procedure?

We often take a biopsy when:

- · we are not certain of the cause of a disease; or
- we do not know how far it has spread or exactly what it is like.

# What are the benefits of the procedure?

• A biopsy can diagnose many conditions to find out exactly what is wrong with you.

- It can confirm a diagnosis that we already suspect.
- It can measure how serious your condition is.

# Will the biopsy hurt?

In most cases, biopsies are done using local anaesthetic (an injection is given to numb the area). The injection takes a couple of minutes to work and means the biopsy will be painless.

## How long will I be in hospital for?

The whole process (local anaesthetic injection, biopsy, and stitching) usually takes around 15 to 30 minutes. You can go home after your procedure.

## What happens during my procedure?

How we do your biopsy depends on the type of tissue sample we want and where we take it from.

## · Scraping cells

In some cases, simply taking a scraping of the surface layer of cells on the lining of your mouth gives us a big enough sample to look at. This can be uncomfortable but not painful, so you will not need an anaesthetic.

# Incisional biopsy

An incisional biopsy is a sample of the surface of the lining of your mouth, which we use to diagnose mouth conditions. Your dental surgeon will use a small, sharp medical knife (scalpel) to remove a small amount of the surface lining of your mouth. They will then stitch the wound back together. We will usually give you a local anaesthetic for this biopsy, so the area will be numb.

## Needle biopsy

A needle biopsy involves taking a sample of tissue from under the surface of your skin. To do this, your dental surgeon uses a special needle. They push it through your skin into the area which they want to look at, and the needle sucks out some tissue. We will sometimes give you a local anaesthetic for this biopsy, so the area will be numb.

#### Excision biopsy

An excision biopsy involves surgery to remove a larger area of tissue (usually a lump) which needs to be examined. We will give you a local anaesthetic to numb the area. This type of biopsy will usually cure your problem.

## · Bone biopsy

We use a bone biopsy to diagnose abnormal conditions affecting your jaw bone. Your dental surgeon will take a small sample of bone after making a small cut in your gum. They will then stitch the cut together.

Which biopsy we do will be discussed with you before your procedure.

## Will there be soreness or swelling after my biopsy?

After a few hours the local anaesthetic will wear off. You will feel a small amount of pain and / or swelling, that usually lasts a few days. If you need to, take simple painkillers (such as paracetamol or ibuprofen) to help with your pain.

#### Will I have stitches?

The biopsy usually leaves a small hole that often needs stitching. In most cases the stitches used are dissolvable and take around 2 weeks to disappear.

#### Will there be much bleeding after my biopsy?

Although there may be a little bleeding at the time of your biopsy, this usually stops quickly. It is unlikely to be a problem if your wound is stitched.

If your biopsy site bleeds again when you get home, this can usually be stopped. Apply pressure over the area for at least 10 minutes with a rolled-up handkerchief or swab. If the bleeding does not stop, please contact the hospital. See the contact details at the end of this leaflet.

#### When can I return to work?

This depends on your job and how you feel after your procedure. Most people are able to return to work later the same day.

# Are there any things I should do when I get home?

Yes.

- Be careful not to bite the numb areas of your mouth.
- On the day of your biopsy, avoid rinsing your mouth out vigorously. Doing this may cause bleeding.
- The day after your biopsy, the area can be gently rinsed with warm salt water. Dissolve a teaspoon of kitchen salt in a cup of warm water. Do this 3 times a day, after meals, for 1 week.
- Clean your teeth normally, including those teeth next to the site of your biopsy (see point above).
- Avoid eating or drinking anything hot for the rest of the day. Allow all meals and drinks to cool to room temperature.
- Do not do any strenuous exercise for the rest of the day, either at work or during your leisure time.

# Will I need a follow-up appointment?

Since your stitches are dissolvable a review appointment is not always needed. However, you will usually be given an appointment to discuss your biopsy results.

## What if I have any further questions and I or concerns?

Your dentist will discuss the procedure with you before you have your biopsy. If you still have questions once you return home, please contact one of the following Maxillofacial Units.

• Kent and Canterbury Hospital, Canterbury

Telephone: 01227 766877 extension 722-5494

• Queen Elizabeth the Queen Mother (QEQM) Hospital, Margate

Telephone: 01843 225544 extension 725-3157

• William Harvey Hospital, Ashford

Telephone: 01223 616045

# **Ask 3 Questions**

There may be choices to make about your healthcare. Before making any decisions, make sure you get the answers to these three questions:

- · What are my choices?
- What is good and bad about each choice?
- How do I get support to help me make a decision that is right for me?

Your healthcare team needs you to tell them what is important to you. It's all about shared decision making.

# What do you think of this leaflet?

We welcome feedback, whether positive or negative, as it helps us to improve our care and services.

If you would like to give us feedback about this leaflet, please fill in our short online survey. Either scan the QR code below, or use the web link. We do not record your personal information, unless you provide contact details and would like to talk to us some more.

# Giving feedback about this leaflet



https://www.smartsurvey.co.uk/s/MDOBU4/

If you would rather talk to someone instead of filling in a survey, please call the Patient Voice Team.

• Patient Voice Team

Telephone: 01227 868605

Email (ekhuft.patientvoice@nhs.net)

## This leaflet has been produced with and for patients.

#### Please let us know:

- If you have any accessibility needs; this includes needing a hearing loop or wanting someone to come with you to your appointment.
- · If you need an interpreter.
- If you need this information in another format (such as Braille, audio, large print or Easy Read).

## You can let us know this by:

- Visiting the Trust web site (https://www.ekhuft.nhs.uk/ais).
- Calling the number at the top of your appointment letter.
- Adding this information to the Patient Portal (https://pp.ekhuft.nhs.uk/login).
- Telling a member of staff at your next appointment.

Any complaints, comments, concerns or compliments, please speak to a member of your healthcare team. Or contact the Patient Advice and Liaison Service on 01227 783145 or email (ekhtr.pals@nhs.net).

Patients should not bring large sums of money or valuables into hospital. Please note that East Kent Hospitals accepts no responsibility for the loss or damage to personal property, unless the property has been handed into Trust staff for safe-keeping.

**Further patient information leaflets** are available via the East Kent Hospitals' web site (https://www.ekhuft.nhs.uk/patient-information).

Reference number: Web 191

First published: Last reviewed: Next review date: September 2003 November 2025 March 2029

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